Review: Path to Suffrage: Westward Expansion to the Nineteenth Amendment

Vocabulary Matching - Place letter beside the definition next to the term or phrase.

1. _____ westward expansion
   A. A native or naturalized person who owes allegiance to a government and is entitled to protection from it.
   B. The right to vote in political elections
   C. A part of the U.S. not included within any state but organized with a separate legislature.
   D. The term is sometimes used to refer collectively to all the migration routes from the Missouri River to the Pacific Ocean.
   E. A person who pleads for the extension of voting rights (especially for women).
   F. The movement of settlers into the American West beginning after Lewis and Clark explored the Louisiana Purchase by fueled by travel reports along the Oregon Trail, the Gold Rush in California, and a belief that the U.S. should include all areas unclaimed by other nations between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans.
   G. The practice or condition of having more than one spouse, especially wife, at one time.
   H. To confirm by expressing consent, approval, or formal sanction a change in the recognized laws of U.S. government.
   I. An official count or survey of a population, typically recording various details of individuals.
   J. Relating to a town or city or its local government.

2. _____ overland trails

3. _____ suffrage

4. _____ suffragist

5. _____ territory

6. _____ citizen

7. _____ polygamy

8. _____ census

9. _____ municipal

10. _____ ratify an amendment

True or False: write the word ‘true’ or ‘false’ beside the statements below.

11. _____ Utah territory leaders did not want Utah women to vote in 1870.
12. _____ Wyoming leaders proposed giving women the right to vote to increase the women population of the territory.
13. _____ The Mormon Battalion left Council Bluffs, Iowa without women among them.
14. _____ Hastings Cutoff was a popular overland trail before use by the Donner Party.
15. _____ Pres. Woodrow Wilson supported women’s suffrage during his first term.
16. _____ A territory could apply for statehood without a census to count residents.
17. _____ The Edmunds-Tucker Act of 1887 removed voting rights from only those practicing polygamy in the Utah Territory.
18. _____ Susan B. Anthony supported women’s suffrage nationally.
19. _____ The nineteenth amendment to the U.S. Constitution was ratified when the Tennessee legislature approved the bill.
20. _____ The Transcontinental Railroad route did not use an established overland trail.
Multiple Choice: Circle the most correct answer.

21. The first overland trail used by settlers to travel between the Mississippi River and the Pacific Ocean.
   a. The Santa Fe Trail
   b. The Oregon Trail
   c. The California Trail
   d. The Mormon Trail

22. The National Woman's Suffrage Association was founded by
   a. Alice Paul
   b. Lucy Stowe and Henry Blackwell
   c. Frederick Douglass
   d. Susan B. Anthony and Elizabeth Cady Stanton

23. Settlers were willing to move west of the Mississippi River because
   a. Land available for starting a new farm or fleeing religious persecution
   b. Better climate than in colder climates in the east
   c. Discovery of gold or silver
   d. All of the above

24. Which overland trail did the Donner Party use after stopping at Fort Bridger?
   a. California Trail
   b. Oregon Trail
   c. Mormon Trail
   d. Hastings Cutoff

25. Territories were more willing to offer women's suffrage because
   a. They were willing to try new ideas.
   b. They wanted more women to move to a specific territory
   c. They thought women would help vote out drinking alcohol.
   d. All of the above.

26. The American Suffrage Association supported the following suffrage issues except
   a. The 14th amendment to the U.S. Constitution
   b. A state-by-state strategy to gain women's suffrage
   c. Association with Utah plural wives trying to get voting rights restored
   d. The 15th amendment to the U.S. Constitution

27. The passage of Edmunds-Tucker Act of 1887 resulted in losing voting rights, holding political office, serving on juries in the Utah Territory for the following groups
   a. Plural wives living in the Utah Territory
   b. All women living in the Utah Territory, not practicing polygamy
   c. Men living in Utah Territory unwilling to sign an oath stating they were not practicing polygamy or unwilling to sign an oath stating they were not sympathetic to those practicing polygamy.
   d. All of the above.
28. The most effective strategy in the struggle to win passage of the 19th Amendment
   a. Petitions
   b. Articles written in magazines and newspapers
   c. Personal contact with political leaders
   d. Reports of jailed suffragist treatment after picketing in front of the White House

29. What type of election was held on February 14, 1870 when Seraph Young cast the first woman’s vote in Utah?
   a. Presidential
   b. School board
   c. Municipal
   d. Proposal to raise taxes

30. The enlistment of the Mormon Battalion during the Mexican/American War in Council Bluffs, Iowa resulted in the following achievements except
   a. Creating a wagon road between Tucson and San Diego
   b. Learning irrigation methods for farming in areas with less rain than the Midwest
   c. Helping General Stephen W. Kearney perform a proper burial for remains of the Donner Party before using the California Trail to travel back to their families
   d. Arriving in Salt Lake with Brigham Young in 1847.

Fill in the blank

31. __________ An ethnic group denied the right to vote with passage of the Edmunds-Tucker Act of 1887.

32. __________ __________ A drawing using to influence people to support or oppose women’s suffrage.

33. __________ Name one of the first four states giving women the right to vote.

34. __________ __ __________ The document created at the Seneca Falls Convention in 1848.

35. __________ __________ A punishment used by police officers after women were arrested for picketing in front of the White House.

36. __________ The process needed to become a citizen if a person was born outside the United States.

37. __________ The most frequent cause of death while using an overland trail to newly opened western territories before completion of the transcontinental railroad.
Short Response Essay - Write at least three complete sentences to answer the following questions for the points beside each question.

38. If you wanted to move from St. Louis, Missouri to a western territory in 1848, describe which overland trail would you choose.

39. Describe at least three strategies supporters of women’s suffrage used by some of the following: William Bright (Wyoming), Susan B. Anthony (NWSA), Emmeline B. Wells (The Woman’s Exponent editor), and Susie West (Idaho political delegate), Alice Paul.

40. Explain how the passage of the Edmunds-Tucker Act of 1887 affected the lives of women and men in the Utah Territory.
41. How did getting women’s suffrage written into state constitutions in Wyoming, Utah, Colorado, and Idaho help suffragists lobby for passage of the Nineteenth Amendment?

42. Why did it take 36 states to ratify the Nineteenth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution?

43. Describe how the right to vote provided by the Nineteenth Amendment applies to the 2020 presidential campaign.
Review: Path to Suffrage: Westward Expansion to the 19th Amendment Key

Vocabulary Matching - Place letter beside the definition next to the term or phrase.

1. __F__ westward expansion  
   A. A native or naturalized person who owes allegiance to a government and is entitled to protection from it.
2. __D__ overland trails  
   B. The right to vote in political elections
3. __B__ suffrage  
   C. A part of the U.S. not included within any state but organized with a separate legislature.
4. __E__ suffragist  
   D. The term is sometimes used to refer collectively to all the migration routes from the Missouri River to the Pacific Ocean.
5. __C__ territory  
   E. A person who pleads for the extension of voting rights (especially for women).
6. __A__ citizen  
   F. The movement of settlers into the American West beginning after Lewis and Clark explored the Louisiana Purchase by fueled by travel reports along the Oregon Trail, the Gold Rush in California, and a belief that the U.S. should include all areas unclaimed by other nations between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans.
7. __G__ polygamy  
   G. The practice or condition of having more than one spouse, especially wife, at one time.
8. __I__ census  
   H. To confirm by expressing consent, approval, or formal sanction a change in the recognized laws of U.S. government,
9. __J__ municipal  
   I. An official count or survey of a population, typically recording various details of individuals.
10. __H__ ratify an amendment  
   J. Relating to a town or city or its local government.

True or False: write the word ‘true’ or ‘false’ beside the statements below.

11. False Utah territory leaders did not want Utah women to vote in 1870.
12. True Wyoming leaders proposed giving women the right to vote to increase the women population of the territory.
13. False The Mormon Battalion left Council Bluffs, Iowa without women among them.
14. False Hastings Cutoff was a popular overland trail before Donner Party use.
15. False Pres. Woodrow Wilson supported women’s suffrage during his first term.
16. False A territory could apply for statehood without a census to count residents.
17. False The Edmunds-Tucker Act of 1887 removed voting rights from only those practicing polygamy in the Utah Territory.
18. True Susan B. Anthony supported women’s suffrage nationally.
19. True The nineteenth amendment to the U.S. Constitution was ratified when the Tennessee legislature approved the bill.
20. False The Transcontinental Railroad route did not use an established overland trail.
Multiple Choice: Circle the most correct answer.

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26. The American Suffrage Association supported the following suffrage issues except
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   d. Arriving in Salt Lake with Brigham Young in 1847.

31. __________ An ethnic group denied the right to vote with passage of the Edmunds-Tucker Act of 1887.

32. ____________ cartoon A drawing using to influence people to support or oppose women’s suffrage.

33. __________ Name one of the first four states giving women the right to vote.
   (possible answers: Wyoming, Utah, Colorado & Idaho)

34. ____________ The document created at the Seneca Falls Convention in 1848.

35. ____________ A punishment used by police officers after women were arrested for picketing in front of the White House.

36. ____________ The process needed to become a citizen if a person was born outside the United States.

37. ____________ The most frequent cause of death while using an overland trail to newly opened western territories before completion of the transcontinental railroad.
Short Response Essay - Write at least three complete sentences to answer the following questions for the points beside each question.

38. If you wanted to move from St. Louis, Missouri to a western territory in 1848, describe which overland trail would you choose. (possible answers: Oregon Trail, California Trail, Mormon Trail, southern wagon route created by the Mormon Battalion)

39. Describe at least three strategies supporters of women’s suffrage used by some of the following: William Bright (Wyoming – using political parties against each other, telling legislators of both parties how to embarrass each other, claiming the governor wouldn’t sign the bill), Susan B. Anthony (NWSA – encouraging legislators to place a voting amendment up for a vote, meeting with other suffrage groups, writing articles), Emmeline B. Wells (The Woman’s Exponent editor – writing her supportive articles & by other women, encouraging petitions, speaking at NWSA meetings, meeting elected officials), and Susie West (Idaho political delegate – accepting county political nomination, attending national political meeting, reporting her experience), Alice Paul - organizing suffrage parades, organizing picketing outside the White House, making public events of jailed suffragists after arrest.

40. Explain how the passage of the Edmunds-Tucker Act of 1887 affected the lives of women and men in the Utah Territory. (possible answers: children of plural wives could not inherit from their father’s estate; the Perpetual Emigrating Fund was abolished; all women in the Utah territory could not vote; Indians not paying taxes could not vote; men could not vote, hold a political office, or serve on a jury without taking an oath not to practice polygamy or encourage others to practice polygamy, men could not vote, hold a political office, or serve on a jury without taking an oath that they were not sympathetic to those practicing polygamy; the territory militia patterned after the Nauvoo Legion was abolished; the school system management was transferred to the control of the federal government.)

41. How did getting women’s suffrage written into state constitutions in Wyoming, Utah, Colorado, and Idaho help suffragists lobby for passage of the Nineteenth Amendment? (Possible answers: National groups used the experiences of the first four states allowing women’s suffrage as a pattern for national participation; National groups showed how women were responsible voters;
National groups showed how women voting about community issues made communities stronger).

42. Why did it take 36 states to ratify the Nineteenth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution? (Paraphrase the U.S. constitution describing how an amendment is ratified by a percentage of the states required for ratification.)

43. Describe how the right to vote provided by the Nineteenth Amendment applies to the 2020 presidential campaign. (Possible answers: The 19th amendment enlarges the number of voters who could vote, it makes candidates for president consider women’s issues in the campaign, it gives candidates a reason to meet with women’s groups; it gives women candidates for president the opportunity to become president.)